# HIST STEELVILLS





\*YONEKI VALVE CO., LTD.
TOKYO JAPAN

# FIGURE NUMBER INDEX ABBREVIATIONS

## TABLE 1

#### (6) TRIM MATERIAL

TRIM NO.	SEAT RING OR SURFACE	WEDGE/DISC OR SURFACE	13% CR.	
01	13% CR.	13% CR.		
02	304 S.S.	304 S.S.	304 S.S.	
03	F310 (CR. 25-NI 20)	F310 (CR. 25-NI 20)	F310 (CR. 25-NI 20)	
04	HARD 13% CR.	HARD 13% CR.	13% CR.	
05	STELLITE	STELLITE	13% CR.	
05A	NI-CR.	NI-CR.	13% CR.	
06	CU-NI	13% CR.	13% CR.	
07	13% CR.	HARD 13% CR.	13% CR.	
08	STELLITE	13% CR.	13% CR.	
A80	NI-CR.	13% CR.	13% CR.	
09	MONEL	MONEL	13% CR.	
10	316 S.S.	316 S.S.	316 S.S.	
11	MONEL	STELLITE	MONEL	
12	STELLITE	316 S.S.	316 S.S.	
13	ALLOY 20	ALLOY 20	ALLOY 20	
14	STELLITE	ALLOY 20	ALLOY 20	
15	MONEL	MONEL	MONEL	
16	BRONZE	BRONZE	BRONZE	
17	HASTELLOY B	HASTELLOY B	HASTELLOY B	
18	HASTELLOY C	HASTELLOY C	HASTELLOY C	
19	STELLITE	304 S.S.	304 S.S.	
20	STELLITE	STELLITE	304 S.S.	
21	304L S.S.	304∟ S.S.	304L S.S.	
22	STELLITE	304L S.S.	304L S.S.	
23	STELLITE	STELLITE	304L S.S.	
24	STELLITE	STELLITE	316 S.S.	
25	316L S.S.	316L S.S.	316L S.S.	
26	STELLITE	316L S.S.	316L S.S.	
27	STELLITE	STELLITE	316L S.S.	
28	321 S.S.	321 S.S.	321 S.S.	
29	STELLITE	321 S.S.	321 S.S.	
30	STELLITE	STELLITE	321 S.S.	
31	347 S.S.	347 S.S.	347 S.S.	
32	STELLITE	347 S.S.	347 S.S.	
33	STELLITE	STELLITE	347 S.S.	
34	NICKEL ALLOY	13% CR.	13% CR.	
99	DESCRIPTION REQUIRED	DESCRIPTION REQUIRED	DESCRIPTION REQUIRED	

## LIST OF MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

(ASME B16.34-1996 / JPI- 75-65-2000)

### TABLE 2

Material Group No.	Nominal Designation Steel	Applicable ASTM Specifications			Applicable JIS Sppecifications				
		Forging SpecGrade Notes		Casting SpecGrade Notes		Forging SpecGrade Notes		Casting SpecGrade Notes	
1.1	Carbon	A105	(1)(3)	A216-WCB	(1)	G3203-SFVC-2A	(1)(3)	G5151-SCPH2	(1)
		A350-LF2	(1)			G3205-SFL2	(1)		
1.2	Carbon			A216-WCC	(1)				
				A352-LCC	(8)				
	2-1/2Ni			A352-LC2	(8)			G5152-SCPL21	(8)
	3-1/2Ni	A350-LF3	(8)	A352-LC3	(8)	G3205-SFL3	(8)	G5152-SCPL31	(8)
1.3	Carbon			A352-LCB	(8)			G5152-SCPL1	(8)
1.5	C-1/2Mo	A182-F1	(2)	A217-WC1 A352-LC1	(2)(4) (8)	G3203-SFVA F1	(2)	G5151-SCPH11 G5152-SCPL11	(2)(4) (8)
1.9	1Cr <sup>-1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> Mo 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> Cr <sup>-1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> Mo	A182-F12 Cl.2 A182-F11 Cl.2	(4)(9) (4)(9)	A217-WC6	(4)(10)	G3203-SFVA F12 G3203-SFVA F11A	(4)(9) (4)(9)	G5151-SCPH21	(4)(10)
1.10	2-1/4Cr-1/2Mo	A182-F22 Cl.3	(9)	A217-WC9	(4)(10)	G3203-SFVA F22B	(9)	G5151-SCPH32	(4)(10)
1.13	5Cr — 1/2Mo	A182-F5a A182-F5		A217-C5	(4)	G3203-SFVA F5D G3203-SFVA F5B		G5151-SCPH61	(4)
1.14	9Cr-1Mo	A182-F9		A217-C12	(4)	G3203-SFVA F9			
2.1	18Cr8Ni	A182-F304 A182-F304H	(5)	A351-CF8 A351-CF3	(5) (11)	G3214-SUSF304	(5)	G5121-SCS13A G5121-SCS19A	(5) (11)
2.2	16Cr-12Ni-2Mo	A182-F316 A182-F316H	(5)	4004 0004	44.54	G3214-SUSF316	(5)		
	18Cr-9Ni-2Mo	M102-F310F		A351-CF3M A351-CF8M	(12) (5)			G5121-SCS16A G5121-SCS14A	(12) (5)
2,3	18Cr—8Ni 16Cr—12Ni—2Mo	A182-F304L A182-F316L	(11) (12)			G3214-SUSF304L G3214-SUSF316L	(11) (12)		
2.4	18Cr-10Ni-Ti	A182-F321 A182-F321H	(13) (14)			G3214-SUSF321 G3214-SUSF321H	(13) (14)		Total party.
2.5	18Cr10NiCb	A182-F347 A182-F347H	(13) (14)	A351-CF8C	(5)	G3214-SUSF321 G3214-SUSF321H	(13) (14)	G5121-SCS21	(5)
3.1	Cr-Ni-Fe-Mo -Cu-Cb	B462 N08020	(6)	A351-CN7M	(7)		, ,		

#### NOTES:

- Upon prolonged exposure to temperatures above about 800°F (427°C), the carbide phase of steel may be converted to graphite.
- Upon prolonged exposure to temperatures above about 875F (466°C), the carbide phase of carbon-molybdenum steel may be converted to graphite.
- Only killed steel shall be used above 850°F (454°C).
- (4) Use normalized and tempered material only.
- At temperatures over 1,000°F (538°C), use only when the carbon content is 0.04% or hiigher.
- Use annealed material only.
- Use solution annealed material only.
- Not to be used over 650°F (343°C).
- Permissible, but not recommended for prolonged use above 1,100°F (593°C).
- (10) Not to be used over 1,100°F (593°C). (11) Not to be used over 800°F (427°C). (12) Not to be used over 850°F (454°C).

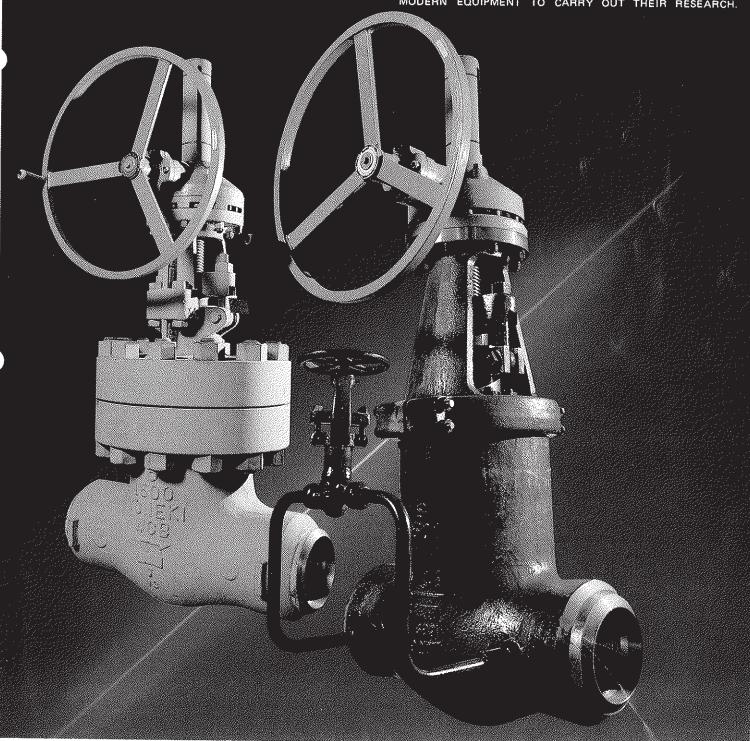
- (13) Not to be used over 1,000°F (538°C).
- (14) At temperature over 1,000°F (540°C), use only if the material is heat treated by heating to a minimum temperature of 2,000°F (1093°C).



OUR QUALITY ASSURANCE SYSTEM HAS BEEN VERY EFFECTIVE, AS WE HAVE GAINED THE REPUTATION FOR PRODUCING VERY HIGH QUALITY VALVES. OUR CUSTOMERS HAVE THE CONFIDENCE IN KNOWING THAT NO VALVE WILL BE SHIPPED FROM OUR FACTORY UNTIL IT HAS UNDERGONE THE MOST STRINGENT QUALITY CONTROL, TESTING, AND INSPECTION PROCEDURES.

WE HAVE THE CAPABILITY TO PERFORM ALL POSSIBLE NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTS INCLUDING RADIOGRAPHIC, MAGNETIC PARTICLE, ULTRA-SONIC, AND LIQUID PENETRANT EXAMINATIONS.

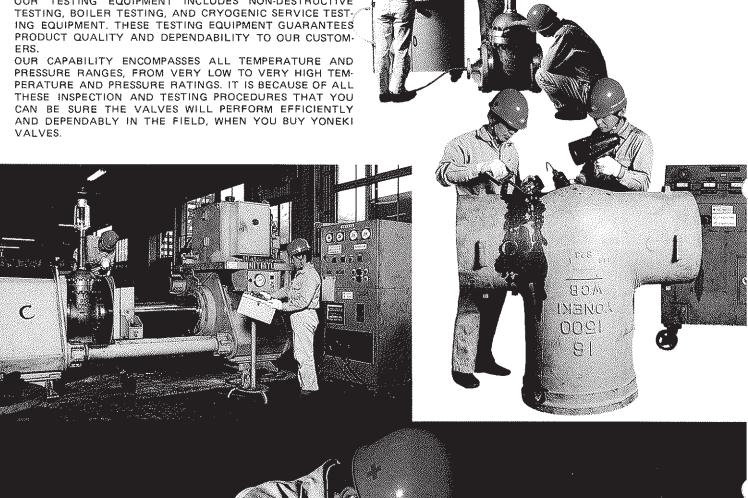
OUR METALLURGISTS AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS ARE CONSTANTLY TRYING TO DEVELOP NEW AND IMPROVED TECHNOLOGY, SO WE CAN ALWAYS OFFER THE HIGHEST QUALITY VALVES PRODUCED IN THE WORLD. OUR RESEARCH PERSONNEL HAVE AVAILABLE A WIDE RANGE OF MODERN EQUIPMENT TO CARRY OUT THEIR RESEARCH.



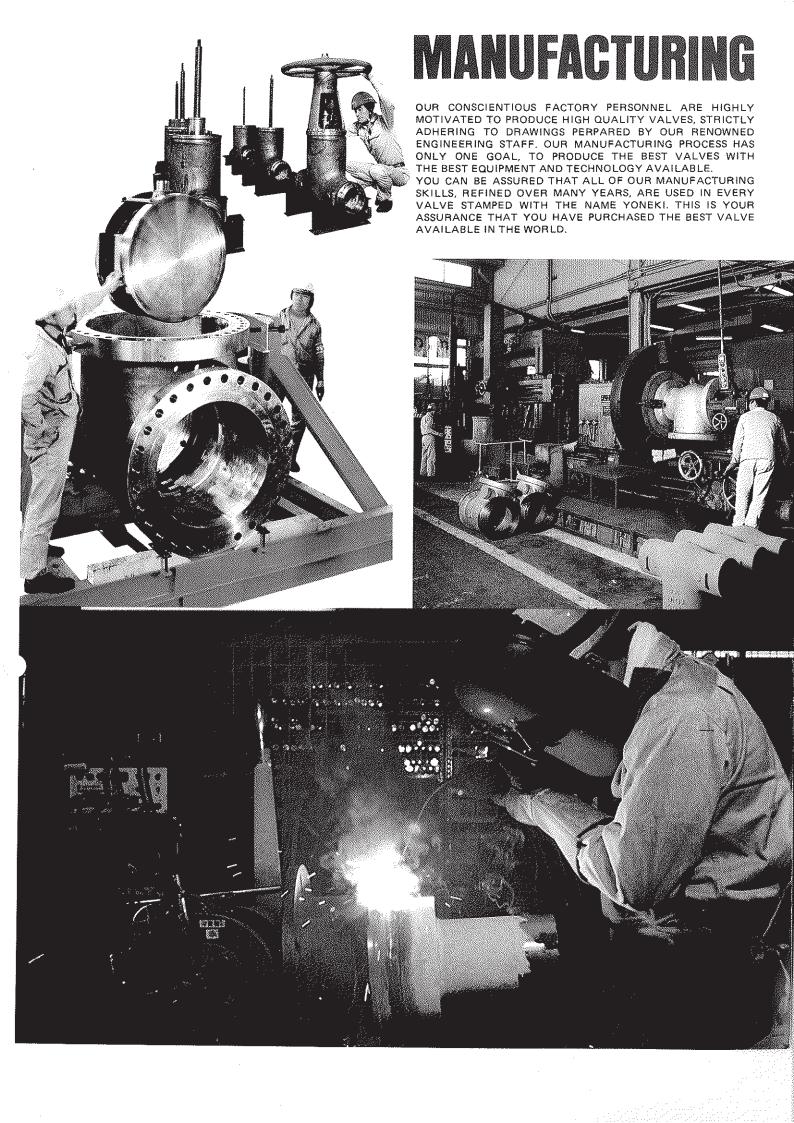
# INSPECTION AND TESTING

INSPECTION AND TESTING IS A VERY IMPORTANT PART OF OUR MANUFACTURING PROCESS. OUR INSPECTION EN-GINEERS HAVE AT THEIR DISPOSAL THE NECESSARY EQUIP-MENT AND TECHNIQUE TO COMPLY WITH INSPECTION AND TESTING REQUIREMENTS OF EACH CUSTOMER'S SPECIFI-CATION.

OUR TESTING EQUIPMENT INCLUDES NON-DESTRUCTIVE







# **DELIVERY**

